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# **Statement of Verification**

BREG EN EPD No.: 000385

Issue 01

BRE/Global

**EPD** 

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This is to verify that the

**Environmental Product Declaration** provided by: Sika Services AG

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

**BRE Global Scheme Document SD207** 

This declaration is for: 1 kg Sika MonoTop®-3020

# **Company Address**

Tueffenwies 16 Zurich 8048 Switzerland



## **BUILDING TRUST**



Signed for BRE Global Ltd

07 February 2022 Date of First Issue



Emna Baker Operator

07 February 2022 Date of this Issue 06 February 2027



This Statement of Verification is issued subject to terms and conditions (for details visit www.greenbooklive.com/terms. To check the validity of this statement of verification please, visit www.greenbooklive.com/check or contact us.

Expiry Date

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BF1805-C-ECOP Rev 0.2

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# **Environmental Product Declaration**

# EPD Number: 000385

# **General Information**

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804+A2 PN 514
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool
Sika Services AG Tueffenwies 16 Zurich 8048 Switzerland	Sika Technology AG Tueffenwies 16 Zurich 8048 Switzerland www.sika.com/sustainability
Declared Unit	Applicability/Coverage
1 kg of concrete repair mortar	Product Average.
EPD Type	Background database
Cradle to Gate with options	GaBi
Den	nonstration of Verification
CEN standa	rd EN 15804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup>
Independent verification of the	e declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010
(Where	appropriate <sup>b</sup> )Third party verifier: Nigel Jones
a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; n	nandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)
	Comparability

EPD Number: 000385 BF1805-C-ECOP Rev 0.2 Date of Issue:07 February 2022 Page 2 of 15

and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for further guidance

#### Information modules covered

	Product			ruction	Use stage Related to the building fabric Related to the building				End-	of-life		Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary				
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
V	V	V	V	V								Ŋ	$\checkmark$	V	V	$\checkmark$

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

#### Manufacturing site(s)

The environmental product declaration is for 1 kg of Sika MonoTop®-3020 produced by Sika Österreich GmbH at following manufacturing facilities:

Sika Österreich GmbH Bingser Dorfstraße 23 Postfach 168 6700 Bludenz Austria

## **Construction Product**

#### **Product Description**

Sika MonoTop<sup>®</sup>-3020 is a 1-part, cementitious, polymer modified, low shrinkage surfacing/ finishing mortar. It contains recycled waste materials (supplementary cementitious materials) and can reduce the carbon footprint application activity calculations. Sika MonoTop<sup>®</sup>-3020 can be applied in layers with thickness between 1 and 5 mm, with a fresh density of 2.0 kg/L.

#### **Technical Information**

Property	Value, Unit
Compressive strength after 28 days	~40 MPa
Tensile strength in flexure after 28 days	~ 6 MPa
Tensile Adhesion Strength	≥ 1.5 MPa
Thermal compatibility, part 1 Freeze-Thaw	≥ 1.5 MPa
Coefficient of Thermal expansion	~10.5 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> 1/k
Reaction to fire	Euro class A1
Capillary absorption	≤ 0.5 kg/(m <sup>2</sup> .h <sup>0.5</sup> )
Chloride ion diffusion resistance	<2700 Coulombs
Carbonation resistance	dk≤ control concrete MC (0.45)

Further information about the product including product data sheet can be accessed via www.sika.com

EPD Number: 000385	Date of Issue:07 February 2022	Expiry Date 06 February 2027
BF1805-C-ECOP Rev 0.2	Page 3 of 15	© BRE Global Ltd, 2021

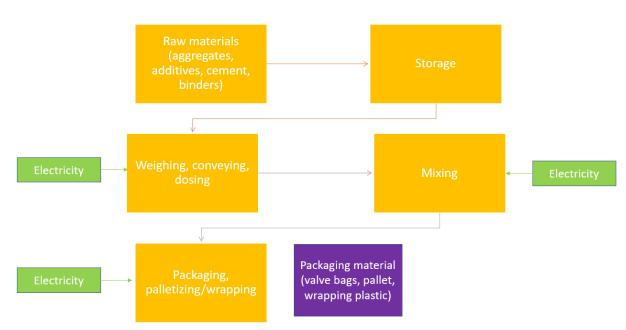
### **Main Product Contents**

Material/Chemical Input	%
Hydraulic Binders	20 - 25
Functional Fillers	40 -50
Supplementary Cementitious Material (SCM) Reactive Binders	10 – 15
Active Polymers and Additives	0 – 5

#### **Manufacturing Process**

The Sika MonoTop®-3020 is manufactured in a conventional mortar plant in Bludenz, Austria.

The raw materials are stored after the quality control testing is passed. The majority of the raw materials are dosed automatically into the mixers after the weighing and dosing phase. If resulting material does not pass the quality test, it will be reworked and send back to the mixing station. After confirming expected result it is send to the packaging station.



### **Process flow diagram**

### **Construction Installation**

Sika MonoTop<sup>®</sup>-3020 is a structural concrete repair mortar that is applied over the prepared concrete substrate after a proper mixing with water. The material can be hand applied or machine applied depending on the volume and area to be applied. The consumption of the material will depend on the roughness and quality of the substrate, as average is 1.7 kg/m<sup>2</sup>/mm. The product is only intended for professional use. Please refer to the product data sheet and method statement for detailed instructions.

Date of Issue:07 February 2022 Page 4 of 15

#### **Use Information**

During the services life of the building or infrastructure there is no extraordinary maintenance, repair/refurbishment or replacement required, if Sika MonoTop®-3020 is correctly and properly applied and cured.

The high durability and reliability of the structural concrete repair mortar Sika MonoTop®-3020 will limit any repair work to a minimum.

### End of Life

At the end of its service life the building is demolished and as the Sika MonoTop<sup>®</sup>-3020 is attached to the concrete it is generally taken to landfill. The demolition process concerns mainly the concrete structure of which Sika MonoTop<sup>®</sup>-3020 is a minor part.

# Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

#### **Declared unit description**

1 kg Sika MonoTop®-3020.

#### System boundary

In accordance with the modular approach as defined in EN 15804, this cradle to gate with options EPD includes the product stage (A1-A3), construction process stage (A4-A5), end-of-life stage (C1-C4) and benefits beyond the system boundary (D).

#### Data sources, quality and allocation

The primary data provided by Sika derive from the plant in Bludenz, Austria for 2020. Mass allocation was applied to generate data per declared unit of product. Background LCI datasets are taken from the databases of GaBi software and econvent Version 3.7.1. All datasets are less than 10 years old.

Benefits from incineration of packaging are included as benefits in Module D; this also applies to the reuse of wooden pallets.

#### **Cut-off criteria**

All data was taken into consideration (recipe constituents, thermal energy used, electricity used). Transportation was considered for all inputs and outputs. The manufacturing of the production machines and systems and associated infrastructure were not considered in the LCA.

### **LCA Results**

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

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Parameters	describing e	enviro	nmental	impacts					
			GWP- total	GWP- fossil	GWP- biogenic	GWP- luluc	ODP	AP	EP- freshwater
			kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	kg CFC11 eq	mol H⁺ eq	kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> eq
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Fibuuci stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3.87E-01	3.94E-01	-7.49E-03	4.38E-04	1.40E-09	5.87E-04	3.08E-06
Construction	Transport	A4	7.56E-03	7.51E-03	-9.57E-06	6.15E-05	9.59E-19	2.35E-05	2.23E-08
process stage	Construction	A5	3.70E-03	1.04E-03	2.67E-03	3.06E-07	-1.33E-10	-1.13E-05	-1.06E-10
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	6.18E-04	6.41E-04	-2.81E-05	5.06E-06	7.89E-20	3.04E-06	1.83E-09
End of life	Transport	C2	7.52E-03	7.46E-03	-9.52E-06	6.11E-05	9.53E-19	2.33E-05	2.22E-08
	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	1.47E-02	1.51E-02	-4.39E-04	4.45E-05	5.94E-17	1.08E-04	2.55E-08
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	3.58E-02	-8.41E-03	4.42E-02	-5.15E-07	-8.42E-10	-5.31E-05	-2.21E-06

GWP-total = Global warming potential, total;

GWP-fossil = Global warming potential, fossil; GWP-biogenic = Global warming potential, biogenic;

GWP-luluc = Global warming potential, land use and land use change;

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance; and EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment

### LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	Parameters describing environmental impacts												
			EP- marine	EP- terrestrial	POCP	ADP- mineral& metals	ADP- fossil	WDP	PM				
			kg N eq	mol N eq	kg NMVOC eq	kg Sb eq	MJ, net calorific value	m <sup>3</sup> world eq deprived	disease incidence				
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG				
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.16E-04	2.36E-03	6.11E-04	4.49E+00	1.17E-07	3.42E-02	1.69E+00				
Construction	Transport	A4	1.08E-05	1.21E-04	2.11E-05	9.99E-02	5.71E-10	6.52E-05	7.22E-02				
process stage	Construction	A5	-4.35E-07	-3.49E-06	-2.09E-06	-2.65E-02	4.46E-12	7.28E-04	2.57E-03				
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND				
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	1.43E-06	1.58E-05	4.03E-06	8.22E-03	4.70E-11	5.36E-06	5.94E-03				
End of life	Transport	C2	1.07E-05	1.20E-04	2.10E-05	9.93E-02	5.68E-10	6.48E-05	7.18E-02				
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
	Disposal	C4	2.80E-05	3.07E-04	8.47E-05	2.01E-01	1.43E-09	1.62E-03	1.14E-01				
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-7.04E-04	-1.31E-04	-5.18E-05	-1.67E-01	-2.83E-08	-5.28E-03	-1.80E-01				

EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment;

EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, accumulated exceedance;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone;

ADP-mineral&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources;

ADP-fossil = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption; and PM = Particulate matter.

### LCA Results (continued)

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	describing e	enviro	nmental imp	acts			
			IRP	ETP-fw	HTP-c	HTP-nc	SQP
			kBq U <sup>235</sup> eq	CTUe	CTUh	CTUh	dimensionless
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Droduct store	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	5.34E-11	2.71E-09	1.47E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Construction	Transport	A4	1.46E-12	8.55E-11	3.43E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
process stage	Construction	A5	-7.04E-14	3.74E-12	2.17E-04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	1.20E-13	7.21E-12	2.82E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Transport	C2	1.45E-12	8.50E-11	3.41E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	1.69E-11	1.86E-09	4.24E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-2.69E-11	-1.46E-10	-3.05E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

IRP = Potential human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans;  $\label{eq:HTP-nc} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{HTP-nc} = \mbox{Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; and} \\ \mbox{SQP} = \mbox{Potential soil quality index.} \end{array}$ 

#### LCA Results (continued)

Parameters	describing r	esoui	ce use, pri	imary ener	gу			
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Draduatataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	7.70E-01	1.11E-01	6.80E-01	3.80E+00	7.77E-03	4.53E+00
Construction	Transport	A4	5.58E-03	0.00E+00	5.58E-03	1.00E-01	0.00E+00	1.00E-01
process stage	Construction	A5	5.69E-01	-1.11E-01	-7.77E-03	7.77E-03	-7.77E-03	0.00E+00
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	4.59E-04	0.00E+00	4.59E-04	8.23E-03	0.00E+00	8.23E-03
End of life	Transport	C2	5.54E-03	0.00E+00	5.54E-03	9.95E-02	0.00E+00	9.95E-02
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	2.71E-02	0.00E+00	2.71E-02	2.01E-01	0.00E+00	2.01E-01
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-5.43E-01	0.00E+00	-5.43E-01	-1.67E-01	0.00E+00	-1.67E-01

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource

### LCA Results (continued)

Parameters of	describing res	ource	use, secondary n	naterials and fuels	s, use of water	
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Draduat atoma	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.38E-03
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.38E-06
	Construction	A5	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Jse stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.25E-07
and of life	Transport	C2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.35E-06
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.94E-05
Potential benefits and bads beyond he system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-1.24E-04

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

## LCA Results (continued)

Other enviro					
			HWD	NHWD	RWD
			kg	kg	kg
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG
Flouder stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.40E-09	6.70E-03	6.97E-05
Construction	Transport	A4	5.04E-12	1.49E-05	1.21E-07
process stage	Construction	A5	5.69E-14	5.98E-06	-2.16E-06
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND
Jse stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	4.15E-13	1.22E-06	9.96E-09
End of life	Transport	C2	5.01E-12	1.48E-05	1.20E-07
	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	Disposal	C4	2.14E-11	1.00E+00	2.07E-06
Potential benefits and bads beyond he system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-3.57E-12	-6.56E-06	-9.32E-07

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

## LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing output flows – at end of life	
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other environmental mormation describing output nows – at end of me								
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE	Biogenic carbon (product)	Biogenic carbon (packaging)
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier	kg C	kg C
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1- 3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MND	-2.30E-3
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR
	Construction	A5	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.18E-03	MNR	MNR
Use stage	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MNR	MNR
End of life	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR
	Transport	C2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR
	Waste processing	C3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR
	Disposal	C4	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	MNR	MNR

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling

MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy

Date of Issue:07 February 2022 Page 12 of 15

# Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and additional technical information							
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results				
	Transport of Sika MonoTop®-3020 to the building site						
	Diesel / Euro 5 Truck	L/100 km	0.0025				
A4 – Transport to the building site	Distance:	km	100				
	Capacity utilisation (incl. empty returns)	%	61				
	Bulk density of transported products	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	1.3				
A5 – Construction installation	Treatment of packaging material (incineration)	%	100				
C1 to C4 End of life,	Dismantling and transport of Sika MonoTop®-3020 to final disposal						
	Transport of the product to site of disposal	km	50				
	Diesel	L/100 km	0.0025				
	Capacity utilization	%	61				
	Waste for final disposal to landfill	%	100				
Module D	The benefits from incineration of waste produced during installation are credited in Module D as avoided generation of electricity and thermal. The partial reuse of pallets from packaging is also included in Module D as avoided production of new pallets.						

# Summary, comments and additional information

#### Interpretation

Figure 1 shows the relative contributions of the different modules to the various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use in a dominance analysis.

As can be seen from the results, the product stage (Modules A1-A3) contributes the most significantly to all environmental impact categories and primary energy use. For this reason, the product stage is examined more closely in the following interpretation.

The dominant influence in all environmental impact categories arises from the raw materials involved in the production of the product, which represent at least 89% of the impacts in each environmental impact category. The exceptions are ODP, EP-freshwater, ADPE and PERT. For ODP, 33% of the impacts arise from the production process, 7% from the packaging and 60% from the raw materials. For EP-freshwater, 38% of the impacts arise from the production process, 28% from the packaging and 35% from the raw materials. For ADPE, 8% of the impacts arise from the production process, 14% from the packaging and 78% from the raw materials. For PERT, 8% of the impacts arise from the production process, 23% from the packaging and 69% from the raw materials.

Within the raw materials, the binders play an important role in terms of GWP-total (63%), AP (47%), EP -marine (44%), EP- terrestrial (44%), POCP (44%), and PERT (63%). The influence of the additives can be seen in ODP (100%), EP – freshwater (77%), ADPE (83%), ADPF (63%), WDP (90%) and PENRT (64%). The influence of the fillers is minimal compared to the other material components, although they make up a relatively high proportion of the total product formulation.

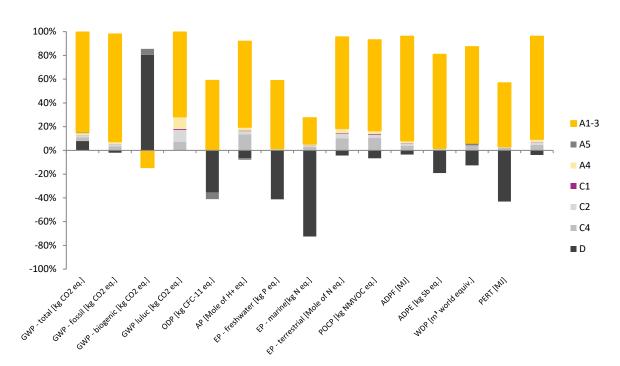


Figure 1: Relative contribution of the modules to the impact categories and primary energy demand for 1 kg Sika MonoTop®-3020.

EPD Number: 000385	
BF1805-C-ECOP Rev 0.2	

Date of Issue:07 February 2022 Page 14 of 15

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